



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Product and Company Identification

Product identifier	677 T Spearmint
Other means of identification	Not available
Recommended use	Glazing pottery
Recommended restrictions	None known.
Manufacturer information	Tucker's Pottery Supplies Inc., Cone Art Kilns Inc, 15 West Pearce Street Richmond Hill, ON L4B 1H6 CA Phone: Toll Free 1-800-304-6185 Phone: 905-889-7705 Emergency Phone Number: 613-996-6666 (CANUTEC)
Supplier	See above.

2. Hazards Identification

Physical hazards	Not classified.	
Health hazards	Sensitization, respiratory	Category 1
	Sensitization, skin	Category 1
	Carcinogenicity	Category 1A
	Reproductive toxicity	Category 1
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 1
Environmental hazards	Not classified.	
WHMIS 2015 defined hazards	Not classified	
Label elements		
Signal word	Danger	
Hazard statement	May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Precautionary statement		
Prevention	Do not breathe dust. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	
Response	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Specific treatment (see information on this label). Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.	
Storage	Store locked up.	
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations	
WHMIS 2015: Health Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HHNOC)	None known	
WHMIS 2015: Physical Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (PHNOC)	None known	
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	None known	

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Mixture

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Nepheline syenite		37244-96-5	38
Crystalline silica		14808-60-7	18
Calcium Tetraborate		12007-56-6	12
Kaolin		1332-58-7	10
Leucoxene		103170-28-1	3.8
Rutile		1317-80-2	3.8
Tricobalt Tetraoxide		1308-06-1	1

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First Aid Measures

Inhalation	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
Skin contact	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Specific treatment (see information on this label).
Eye contact	Flush with cool water. Remove contact lenses, if applicable, and continue flushing. Obtain medical attention if irritation persists.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce risk of aspiration. Never give anything by mouth if victim is unconscious or is convulsing. Obtain medical attention.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Dusts may irritate the respiratory tract, skin and eyes. Difficulty in breathing. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Keep out of reach of children.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire-fighting equipment/instructions	Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.
Hazardous combustion products	May include and are not limited to: Silicon tetrafluoride. Hydrofluoric acid.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe dust. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
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Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Collect dust using a vacuum cleaner equipped with HEPA filter. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk.

Large Spills: Wet down with water and dike for later disposal. Shovel the material into waste container. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Do not discharge into lakes, streams, ponds or public waters.

7. Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Do not breathe dust. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Wash thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. When using do not eat or drink.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Keep out of reach of children.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Occupational exposure limits**Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)**

Components	Type	Value	Form
Crystalline silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.025 mg/m ³	Respirable particles.
Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)	TWA	2 mg/m ³	Respirable.
Rutile (CAS 1317-80-2)	TWA	10 mg/m ³	
Tricobalt Tetraoxide (CAS 1308-06-1)	TWA	0.02 mg/m ³	

Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Crystalline silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.025 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)	TWA	2 mg/m ³	Respirable.
Rutile (CAS 1317-80-2)	TWA	3 mg/m ³ 10 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction. Total dust.
Tricobalt Tetraoxide (CAS 1308-06-1)	TWA	0.02 mg/m ³	

Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Calcium Tetraborate (CAS 12007-56-6)	STEL	6 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
	TWA	2 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
Crystalline silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.025 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)	TWA	2 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
Rutile (CAS 1317-80-2)	TWA	10 mg/m ³	
Tricobalt Tetraoxide (CAS 1308-06-1)	TWA	0.02 mg/m ³	

Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Calcium Tetraborate (CAS 12007-56-6)	STEL	6 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
	TWA	2 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
Crystalline silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.1 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.

Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)	TWA	2 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
Nepheline syenite (CAS 37244-96-5)	TWA	10 mg/m ³	Total dust.
Rutile (CAS 1317-80-2)	TWA	10 mg/m ³	
Tricobalt Tetraoxide (CAS 1308-06-1)	TWA	0.02 mg/m ³	

Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Crystalline silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.1 mg/m ³	Respirable dust.
Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)	TWA	5 mg/m ³	Respirable dust.
Rutile (CAS 1317-80-2)	TWA	10 mg/m ³	Total dust.
Tricobalt Tetraoxide (CAS 1308-06-1)	TWA	0.02 mg/m ³	

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Crystalline silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	PEL	0.05 mg/m ³	Respirable dust.
Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)	PEL	5 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m ³	Total dust.
Rutile (CAS 1317-80-2)	PEL	15 mg/m ³	Total dust.

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Crystalline silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.1 mg/m ³	Respirable.
		2.4 mppcf	Respirable.
Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)	TWA	5 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m ³	Total dust.
		50 mppcf	Total dust.
		15 mppcf	Respirable fraction.

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
Calcium Tetraborate (CAS 12007-56-6)	STEL	6 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
	TWA	2 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
Crystalline silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.025 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)	TWA	2 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
Rutile (CAS 1317-80-2)	TWA	10 mg/m ³	
Tricobalt Tetraoxide (CAS 1308-06-1)	TWA	0.02 mg/m ³	

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value	Form
Crystalline silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.05 mg/m ³	Respirable dust.
Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)	TWA	5 mg/m ³	Respirable.
		10 mg/m ³	Total

Biological limit values**ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Tricobalt Tetraoxide (CAS 1308-06-1)	15 µg/l	Cobalt	Urine	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

Occupational exposure to nuisance dust (total and respirable) and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled.

Appropriate engineering controls	Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.
Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment	
Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Impervious gloves. Confirm with reputable supplier first.
Other	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended. As required by employer code.
Respiratory protection	Where exposure guideline levels may be exceeded, use an approved NIOSH respirator. Respirator should be selected by and used under the direction of a trained health and safety professional following requirements found in OSHA's respirator standard (29 CFR 1910.134), CAN/CSA-Z94.4 and ANSI's standard for respiratory protection (Z88.2).
Thermal hazards	Not applicable.
General hygiene considerations	Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. When using do not eat or drink.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance	Powder.
Physical state	Solid.
Form	Powder.
Color	Beige.
Odor	Odorless
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available.
Pour point	Not available.
Specific gravity	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Flash point	Not available.
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	Not available.
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Oxidizing properties	Not oxidizing.

10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity	This product may react with strong oxidizing agents.
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Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Conditions to avoid	Do not mix with other chemicals.
Incompatible materials	Powerful oxidizers, Chlorine.
Hazardous decomposition products	May include and are not limited to: Silicon tetrafluoride. Hydrofluoric acid.

11. Toxicological Information

Routes of exposure	Eye, Skin contact, Inhalation, Ingestion.
Information on likely routes of exposure	
Ingestion	May cause stomach distress, nausea or vomiting.
Inhalation	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Dust may irritate respiratory system.
Skin contact	Dust or powder may irritate the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	Dust may irritate the eyes.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Dusts may irritate the respiratory tract, skin and eyes. Difficulty in breathing. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Components	Species	Test Results
Calcium Tetraborate (CAS 12007-56-6)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Not available	
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Not available	
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Not available	
Crystalline silica (CAS 14808-60-7)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Not available	
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Not available	
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Rat	500 mg/kg, HSDB, IV only
Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg, HSDB
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Not available	
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg, HSDB 14900 mg/kg, Gelest
Nepheline syenite (CAS 37244-96-5)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Not available	
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Not available	

Components	Species	Test Results
Oral LD50	Not available	
Rutile (CAS 1317-80-2)		
Acute		
Dermal LD50	Not available	
Inhalation LC50	Rat	> 6.8 mg/L, 4 Hours, ECHA > 3.6 mg/L, 4 Hours, ECHA > 2.3 mg/L, 4 Hours, ECHA 5.1 mg/L, 4 Hours, ECHA 3.4 mg/L, 4 Hours, ECHA
Oral LD50	Rat	> 25000 mg/kg, ECHA > 11000 mg/kg, ECHA > 5000 mg/kg, ECHA > 2000 mg/kg, ECHA
Tricobalt Tetraoxide (CAS 1308-06-1)		
Acute		
Dermal LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours, ECHA
Inhalation LC50	Rat	> 5.1 mg/L, 4 Hours, ECHA
Oral LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg, ECHA
Skin corrosion/irritation	Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.	
Exposure minutes	Not available.	
Erythema value	Not available.	
Oedema value	Not available.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.	
Corneal opacity value	Not available.	
Iris lesion value	Not available.	
Conjunctival reddening value	Not available.	
Conjunctival oedema value	Not available.	
Recover days	Not available.	
Respiratory or skin sensitization		
Canada - Alberta OELs: Irritant		
Rutile (CAS 1317-80-2)		Irritant
Titanium oxide (CAS 13463-67-7)		Irritant
Respiratory sensitization	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.	
Skin sensitization	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.	

Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer.

In 1997, IARC (the International Agency for Research on Cancer) concluded that crystalline silica inhaled from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans. However in making the overall evaluation, IARC noted that "carcinogenicity was not detected in all industrial circumstances studied. Carcinogenicity may be dependent on inherent characteristics of the crystalline silica or on external factors affecting its biological activity or distribution of its polymorphs." (IARC Monographs on the evaluation of the carcinogenic risks of chemicals to humans, Silica, silicates dust and organic fibres, 1997, Vol. 68, IARC, Lyon, France.)

In June 2003, SCOEL (the EU Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits) concluded that the main effect in humans of the inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust is silicosis. "There is sufficient information to conclude that the relative risk of lung cancer is increased in persons with silicosis (and, apparently, not in employees without silicosis exposed to silica dust in quarries and in the ceramic industry). Therefore, preventing the onset of silicosis will also reduce the cancer risk..." (SCOEL SUM Doc 94-final, June 2003)

According to the current state of the art, worker protection against silicosis can be consistently assured by respecting the existing regulatory occupational exposure limits.

Occupational exposure to respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled.

ACGIH Carcinogens

Crystalline silica (CAS 14808-60-7)

A2 Suspected human carcinogen.

Tricobalt Tetraoxide (CAS 1308-06-1)

A3 Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

Canada - Alberta OELs: Carcinogen category

Crystalline silica (CAS 14808-60-7)

Suspected human carcinogen.

Canada - Manitoba OELs: carcinogenicity

Cobalt and inorganic compounds, as Co (CAS 1308-06-1)

Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

SILICA, CRYSTALLINE-.ALPHA.-QUARTZ, RESPIRABLE FRACTION (CAS 14808-60-7)

Suspected human carcinogen.

Canada - Quebec OELs: Carcinogen category

Crystalline silica (CAS 14808-60-7)

Suspected carcinogenic effect in humans.

Tricobalt Tetraoxide (CAS 1308-06-1)

Detected carcinogenic effect in animals.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Crystalline silica (CAS 14808-60-7)

Volume 68, Volume 100C 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

Rutile (CAS 1317-80-2)

Volume 47, Volume 93 - 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Titanium oxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

Volume 47, Volume 93 - 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Tricobalt Tetraoxide (CAS 1308-06-1)

Volume 52 - 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Crystalline silica (CAS 14808-60-7)

Rutile (CAS 1317-80-2)

Titanium oxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

US NTP Report on Carcinogens: Known carcinogen

Crystalline silica (CAS 14808-60-7)

Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Crystalline silica (CAS 14808-60-7)

Cancer

Reproductive toxicity

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Prolonged or repeated exposure to fine airborne crystalline silica dust may cause severe scarring of the lungs, a disease called silicosis. Early symptoms of silicosis include cough, mucous production and shortness of breath upon exertion.

12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity

See below

Ecotoxicological data**Components****Species****Test Results**

Rutile (CAS 1317-80-2)

Aquatic

Crustacea

EC50

Water flea (Daphnia magna)

> 1000 mg/L, 48 hours

Components	Species	Test Results
Fish	LC50 Mummichog (<i>Fundulus heteroclitus</i>)	> 1000 mg/L, 96 hours
Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of this product.	
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.	
Mobility in soil	No data available.	
Mobility in general	Not available.	
Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.	

13. Disposal Considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport Information

Transport of Dangerous Goods (TDG) Proof of Classification	In accordance with Part 2.2.1 (SOR/2014-152) of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations, we certify that the classification of this product is correct as of the SDS date of issue.
U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT)	Not regulated as dangerous goods.
Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG - Canada)	Not regulated as dangerous goods.

15. Regulatory Information

Canadian federal regulations	This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.	
Canada CEPA Schedule I: Listed substance		
Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)	Listed.	
Titanium oxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	Listed.	
Canada DSL Challenge Substances: Listed substance		
Crystalline silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	Listed.	
Canada Priority Substances List (Second List): Listed substance		
Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)	Listed.	
Titanium oxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	Listed.	
Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)	Not listed.	
Greenhouse Gases	Not listed.	
Precursor Control Regulations	Not regulated.	
WHMIS 2015 Exemptions	Not applicable	
US federal regulations	This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.	
TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)	Not regulated.	
CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)		
Tricobalt Tetraoxide (CAS 1308-06-1)	Listed.	
US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)		
Crystalline silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	Cancer lung effects immune system effects kidney effects	

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes
 Delayed Hazard - Yes
 Fire Hazard - No
 Pressure Hazard - No
 Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance No

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)
Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Tricobalt Tetraoxide (CAS 1308-06-1)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

US state regulations See below

US - California Hazardous Substances (Director's): Listed substance

Tricobalt Tetraoxide (CAS 1308-06-1) Listed.

Zircon (CAS 14940-68-2) Listed.

US - Illinois Chemical Safety Act: Listed substance

Tricobalt Tetraoxide (CAS 1308-06-1)

US - Louisiana Spill Reporting: Listed substance

Tricobalt Tetraoxide (CAS 1308-06-1) Listed.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Listed substance

Crystalline silica (CAS 14808-60-7) Listed.

Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7) Listed.

Rutile (CAS 1317-80-2) Listed.

Titanium oxide (CAS 13463-67-7) Listed.

Tricobalt Tetraoxide (CAS 1308-06-1) Listed.

Zircon (CAS 14940-68-2) Listed.

US - New Jersey RTK - Substances: Listed substance

Calcium Tetraborate (CAS 12007-56-6)

Crystalline silica (CAS 14808-60-7)

Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)

Rutile (CAS 1317-80-2)

Titanium oxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

Tricobalt Tetraoxide (CAS 1308-06-1)

US - Texas Effects Screening Levels: Listed substance

Crystalline silica (CAS 14808-60-7) Listed.

Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7) Listed.

Nepheline syenite (CAS 37244-96-5) Listed.

Rutile (CAS 1317-80-2) Listed.

Titanium oxide (CAS 13463-67-7) Listed.

Zircon (CAS 14940-68-2) Listed.

US - Washington Chemical of High Concern to Children: Listed substance

Tricobalt Tetraoxide (CAS 1308-06-1)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Crystalline silica (CAS 14808-60-7)

Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)

Rutile (CAS 1317-80-2)

Titanium oxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Tricobalt Tetraoxide (CAS 1308-06-1)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Crystalline silica (CAS 14808-60-7)

Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)

Rutile (CAS 1317-80-2)

Titanium oxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

Tricobalt Tetraoxide (CAS 1308-06-1)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Crystalline silica (CAS 14808-60-7)

Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)

Rutile (CAS 1317-80-2)

Titanium oxide (CAS 13463-67-7)
Zircon (CAS 14940-68-2)

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Crystalline silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	Listed: October 1, 1988
Rutile (CAS 1317-80-2)	Listed: September 2, 2011
Titanium oxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	Listed: September 2, 2011

Inventory status

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	No

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

16. Other Information

LEGEND	
Severe	4
Serious	3
Moderate	2
Slight	1
Minimal	0

HEALTH	* 2
FLAMMABILITY	0
PHYSICAL HAZARD	0
PERSONAL PROTECTION	X



Disclaimer

The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available. Information contained herein was obtained from sources considered technically accurate and reliable. While every effort has been made to ensure full disclosure of product hazards, in some cases data is not available and is so stated. Since conditions of actual product use are beyond control of the supplier, it is assumed that users of this material have been fully trained according to the requirements of all applicable legislation and regulatory instruments. No warranty, expressed or implied, is made and supplier will not be liable for any losses, injuries or consequential damages which may result from the use of or reliance on any information contained in this document.

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Other information

For an updated SDS, please contact the supplier/manufacturer listed on the first page of the document.